

# **Pole 1: Galaxies and Cosmology**

#### Fall 2018 (32)

**Permanent staff (14):** M. Caillat, F. Casoli, F. Combes, A. Coulais, M. Huertas-Company, N. Kaiser, J-M. Lamarre, S. Mei, A-L Melchior, J-L. Puget, P. Salomé, N. Sanchez, B. Sémelin, D. Valls-Gabaud

**Non permanent (18):** A. Audibert, B. Bentabol, V. Bonjean, F. Caro, B. Ciambur, J. Dassa-Terrier, P. Dimauro, A. Doussot, E. Eames, A. Halle, L. Loria, B. Mancillas, V. Markov, B. Mazzilli, V. Olivares, F. Polles, E. Tollet, D. Tuccillo

Women ratio 5/14 and 8/18, or 13/32





# Pole1: key science issues



→ The Epoch of reionization: what are the main actors of ionization (galaxies, quasars)? Can we predict the HI-signal to be observed by NenuFAR, SKA, and then deduce something on these main actors?

→Galaxy Formation: where are the baryons? how can we explain that 90% of them have left galaxies? or would this constrain the dark matter/energy model? **EUCLID** 

→The Large-Scale Structures (LSS): what is the role of environment in star formation quenching in galaxies? LSS as cosmology tracers **EUCLID**, **SKA** 

→AGN fueling and feedback: why are supermassive black holes evolving in symbiosis with galaxies? could AGN be the solution to expel baryons from galaxies?
 ALMA/NOEMA, VLT, JWST
 SF efficiency, history and stellar populations CFHT-Sitelle, IRAM







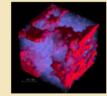


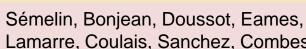


### Four main themes

#### 1-Primordial Universe (9)

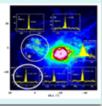
- CMB, Sky surveys, Inflation
- EoR, Preparation to SKA + NenuFAR





#### 3-Formation & evolution of galaxies (8)

- Lamarre, Coulais, Sanchez, Combes
- High-redshift galaxies ALMA/NOEMA
- PHIBSS2 Legacy gas fraction, SF efficiency NOEMA/ALMA
- Cool Core Clusters NOEMA / ALMA / MUSE
- AGN Feedback and molecular outflows NOEMA/ALMA



Salomé, Audibert, Mancillas,

Olivares, Polles, Tollet, Combes

#### 2-Large-scale structures (10)

- Galaxy Clusters / Proto-clusters
- Galaxy mass assembly, mass-size relation, morphology
- Euclid Legacy

Mei, Huertas-Company, Caro, Dimauro, Markov, Salomé, Tucillo, Combes



#### 4-Nearby Galaxies, resolved in stars (7)



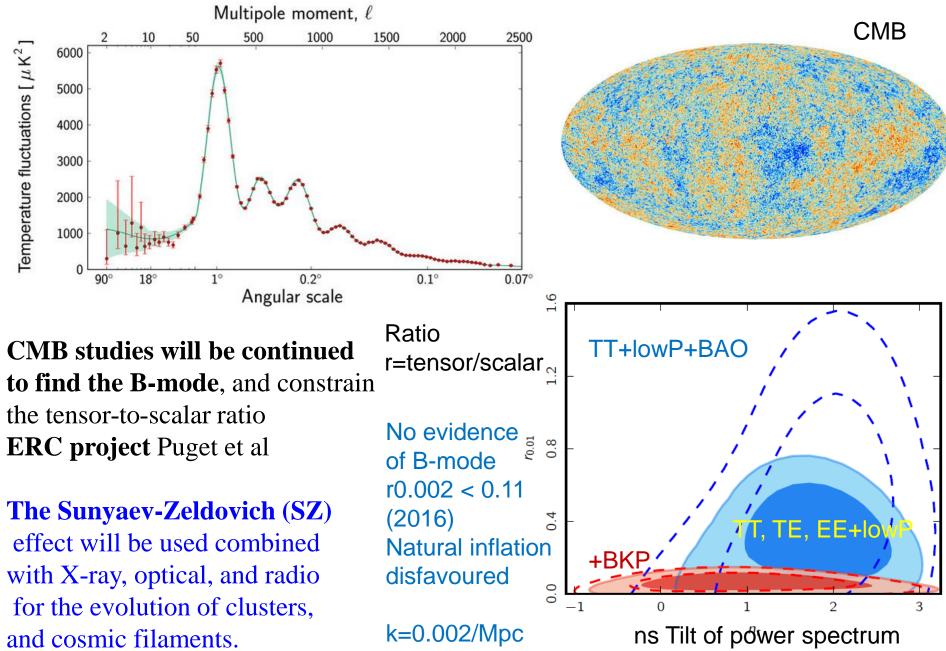
- Star formation laws (KS efficiency, scaling, HI, H2)
- Relation CO-metallicity, CO-dark molecular gas IRAM, CFHT Sitelle
- Low surface Brightness features

#### Proposition of the MESSIER satellite to the CNES

Valls-Gabaud, Melchior, Halle, Ciambur, Mancillas, Mazzilli, Combes



### Planck, Sky Surveys, Inflation



Epoch of Reionization: scientific preparation for the SKA *B. Semelin group* 

Neutral IGM emits at 21cm for 6<z<30:

- ➔Tomography with SKA
- →Hundreds of planes.



**Simulations** for design optimization and interpretation of data:

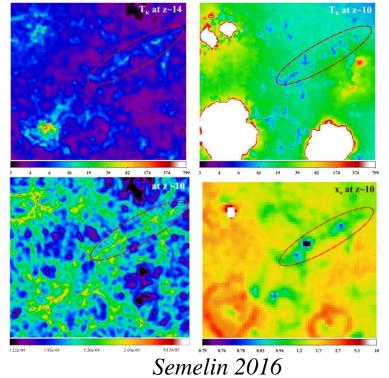
Dynamics + UV + X rays + Lyman lines

 $512^{3} + 1024^{3}$  resolution now.... and 2048<sup>3</sup> soon....  $4096^{3}$  needed!

#### Put contraints on the design of the SKA:

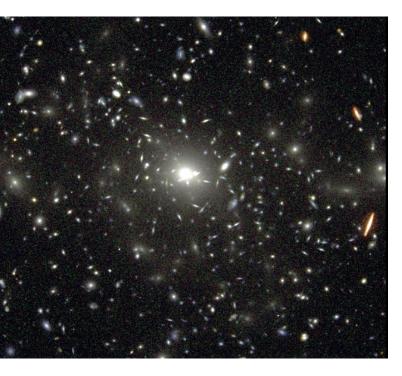
- frequency range
- Resolution/sensitivity tradeoff
- Benefits from large FoV
- Modeling and analazing tomographic data

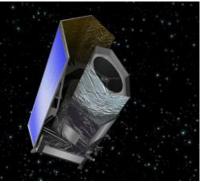
#### →LOFAR and NENUFAR at Nancay



**ANR ORAGE** (2014-2018)

### **Euclid legacy - Galaxy clusters**





Study of galaxy clusters and their evolution, and the statistical view of galaxy physics in large surveys

#### **Euclid launch in 2022:**

not only clues on the dark energy evolution
→Huge amount of data on billions of galaxies in association to follow-up ground spectroscopy

Studies on the influence of environment on galaxy morphology, mass-size relation, mass assembly and star formation efficiency. Members of the pole are co-coordinator of Science Working Groups in the Euclid consortium, on galaxy clusters and proto-clusters, their detection tools, determination of mass and luminosity functions, the classification of galaxies in order to follow their formation and evolution (*Mei, Huertas-Company, Zwolf and their teams*)

### **Galaxy Protoclusters: quenching mechanisms**

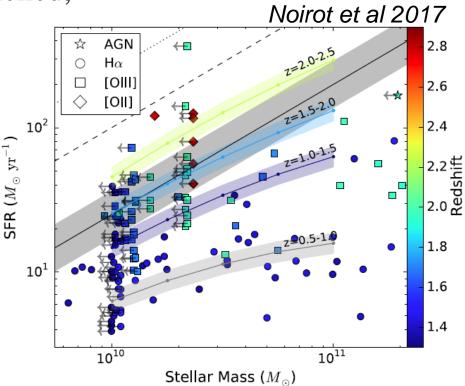
CARLA: Clusters Around Radio-Loud AGN (Wylezalek et al 2013)

At z < 1, galaxies in clusters are quenched, A reversal is expected at z > 1, 1.5, the AGN fraction increases, The SF fraction increases, higher in clusters than in the field  $(1)^{10^2}$ 

Selection from IR (Spitzer, WISE) HST spectroscopy (Noirot + 2017)

→Some quenched, some not Massive galaxies are redder, quicker evolution than in the field



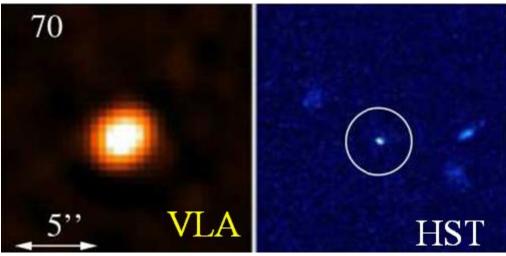


### Protoclusters, around radio sources

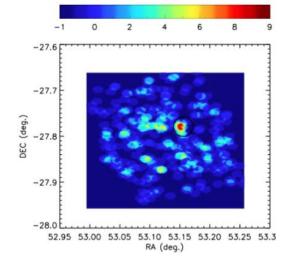
Castignani et al (2014), FRI in COSMOS field

Observations IRAM-30m Negative results on z~1, CO(4-3) *Castignani, Combes, Salome 2016* 

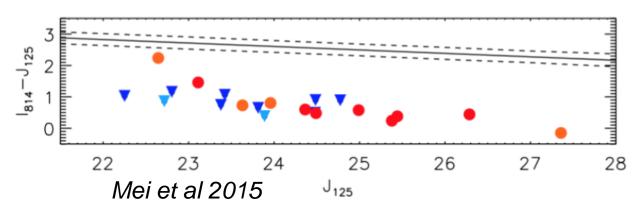
#### + CARLA NOEMA project

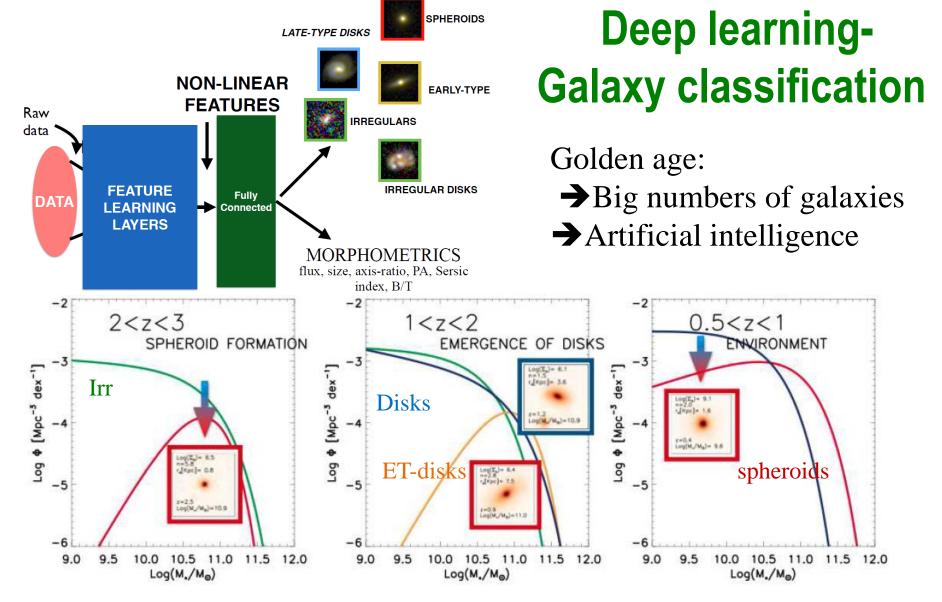


Z~2.5, NOEMA project



At z~1.9, ETG are not yet red and quenched





→Irregulars dominate at z>2, then become disks, which after bulge formation, acquire mass, and quench to become red ANR Astrobrain 2017-2019 (Huertas-Company et al 2016, 2018)

### ALMA & NOEMA – Galaxies at high z

Tdep

Local spirals

z=[1,1.6] SFGs

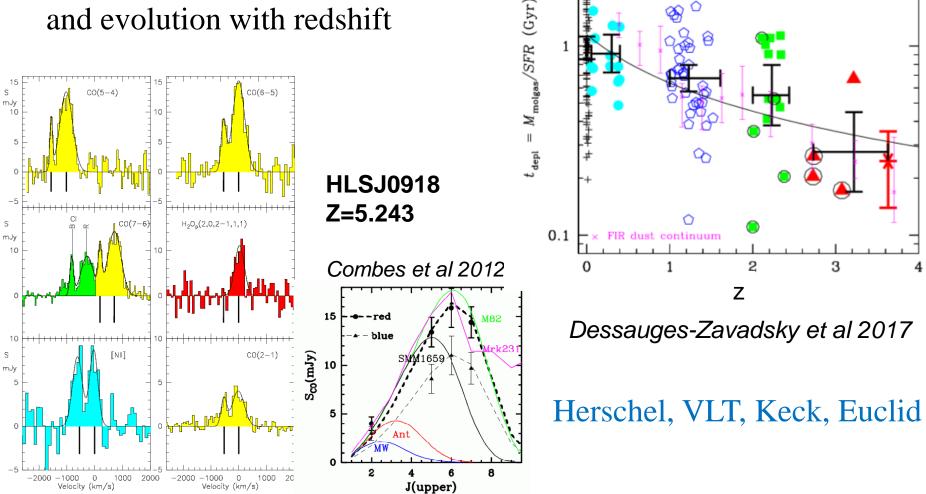
z=[0.055,0.4] SFGs

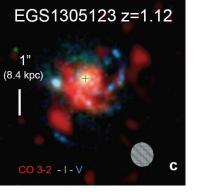
z=[2,2.5] SFGs

This work

z=[2.7,3.6] SFGs

Gas fraction, depletion time  $t_{dep}$ Star formation efficiency SFE and evolution with redshift

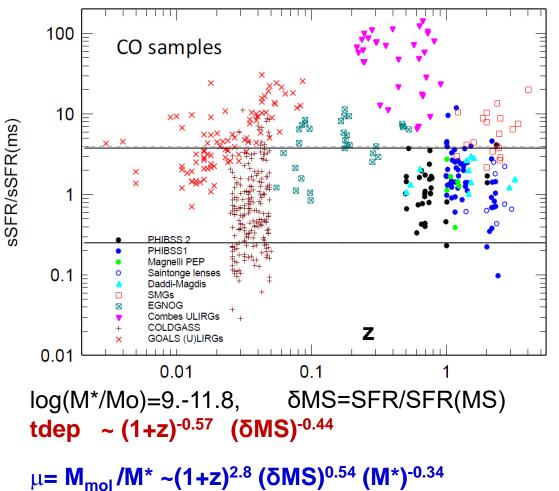


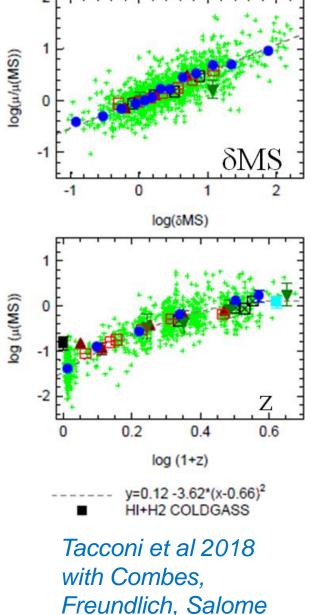


### **PHIBSS: Scaling relations**

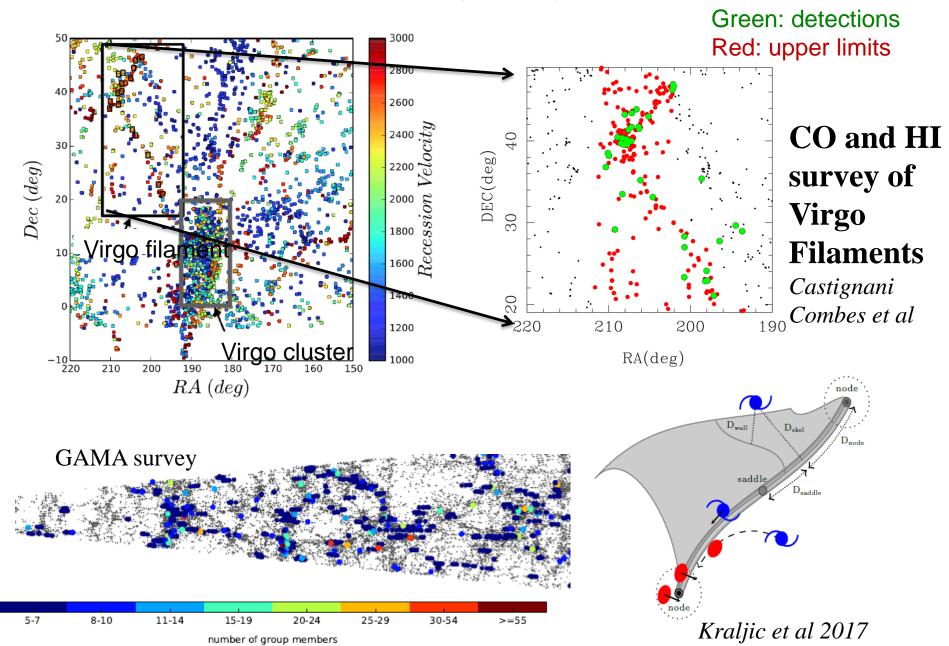
#### LP IRAM-NOEMA

Gas fraction increases regularly with z on the MS





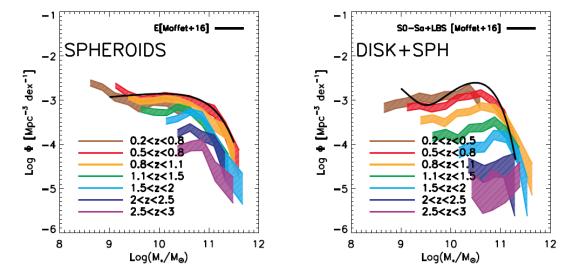
### The cosmic web and galaxy formation



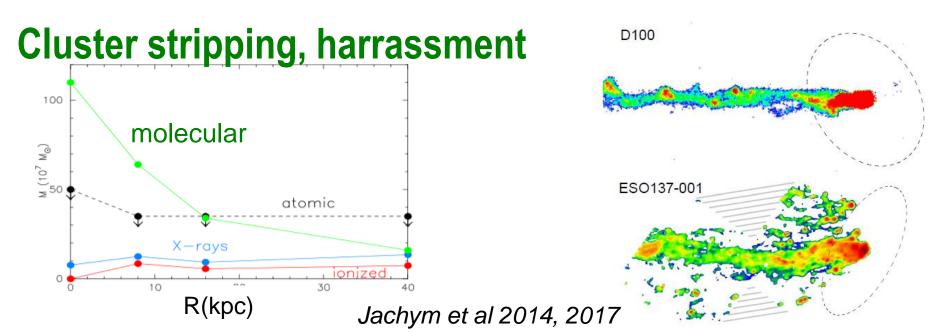
# **Galaxy morphology evolution**

50 000 galaxies in CANDELS

Downsizing in SF galaxies Quenching as a function of mass and environment **Inside-out quenching** 



Huertas-Company et al 2016



# **Cooling Flows, BCG, AGN**

### → Observations

#### HERSCHEL:

Large Program: sample of cooling flow clusters (PI: A. Edge, Durham) OT1 SPIRE FTS on PERSEUS

(PI: W. Jaffe, Leiden)

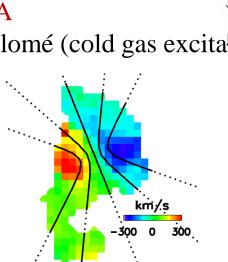
#### ALMA:

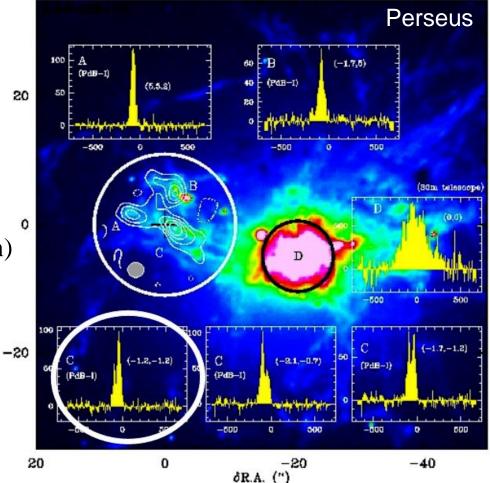
with McNamara, Russel

- Feeding the AGN
- with J. Lim, David
- Search for cold filaments
- IRAM- NOEMA

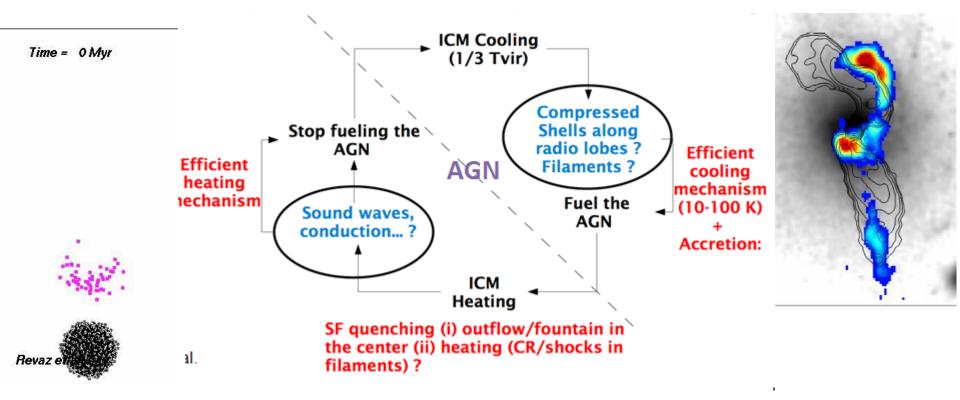
Perseus PI: P. Salomé (cold gas excitation)

+ S. Hamer Hydra-A + 73 BCG 2016





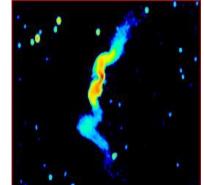
### **AGN moderation and quenching**



#### Quasar mode: radiative or winds

when L ~L<sub>Eddington</sub>





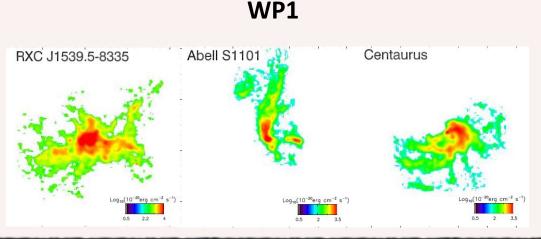
# **Radio mode**, kinetic, jets when $L < 0.01 L_{Edd}$

# ANR LYRICS 2017-2021, Salome et al

#### Data samples in-hand

- MUSE : 22 BCGs + 22 BGGs (25 TB)
- ALMA (3 Observed + 7 archive)
- NOEMA data (Perseus, Abell 1795)

LERMA/IAP Observations and data Reduction (P. Salomé, M. Rodriguez, P. Guillard, M. Lehnert, S. Hamer)



#### WP2

#### Gas local excitation modelling

 Photo-ionisation codes (CLOUDY, PDR) and shock models (enough data)

LERMA/IAP (P. Salomé, P. Guillard, B. Godard, G. Pineau des Forêts, F. Boulanger)

#### WP3

#### Hydro-dynamics numerical simulation

 Cluster-scale hydrodynamical simulations in the presence of AGN feedback (mapping now possible)

IAP/LERMA (Y. Dubois, S. Peirani, F. Combes, P. Guillard)

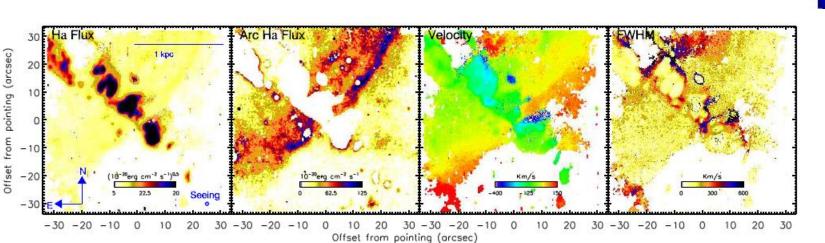
# AGN positive feedback: Centaurus A with MUSE and ALMA

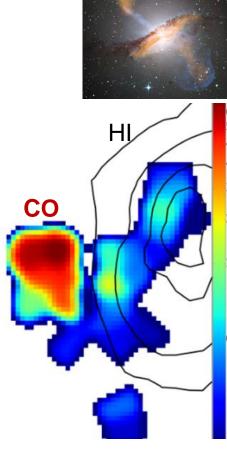
Discovery of arcs perpendicular to the filament Halpha, [NII], [OIII] and [SII] lines

3 arc streams running perpendicular to the main filament,
Different excitation, kinematics: arcs outside the radiation cone
→Neutral material swept by a backflow of the AGN jet outburst and ionised through slow shocks

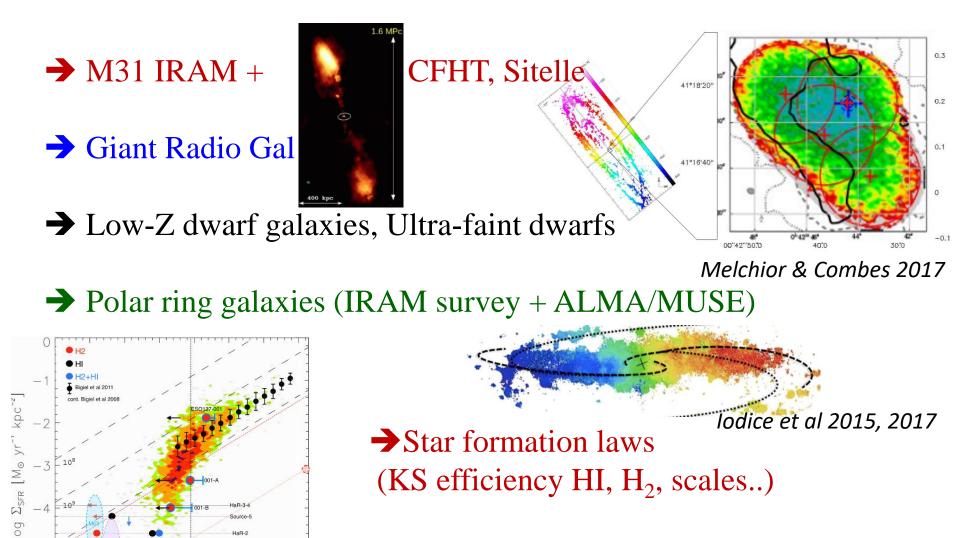
→H2 gas: **phase transition from HI**, triggered by the jet

Hamer et al, 2014, Salome et al 2016, 2017, 2018





### Nearby galaxies, ALMA, NOEMA, MUSE



-6

Σ<sub>HI+H2</sub> |M<sub>☉</sub> pc

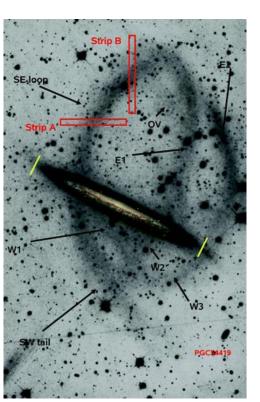
→ Relation CO-metallicity, CO-dark molecular gas

## Low Surface Brightness features

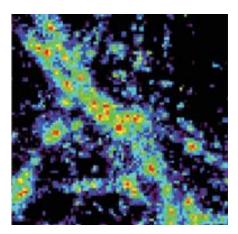
**Future plans: Proposition of the MESSIER satellite to the CNES** LSB galaxies, dwarfs, outer parts tidal tails, loops Extra-galactic background, Ly-a haloes z=0.65 Cosmic web

DF44, DGSAT 1 Martinez-Delgado et al 2016



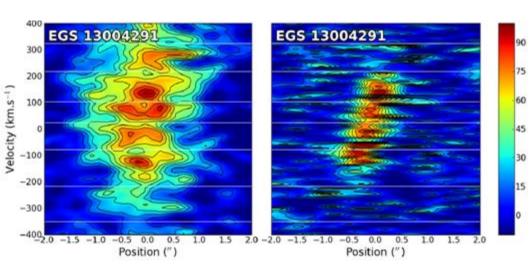






D. Valls-Gabaud et al 2017 Mancillas et al 2018 Rodriguez et al 2018

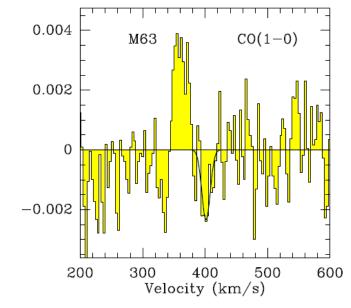
# SFR at high z and XUV disks



Freundlich et al 2013, 2016, 2018 Resolved KS law at high z Legacy project with IRAM-NOEMA and ALMA

Zcosmos, Candels, Aegis..

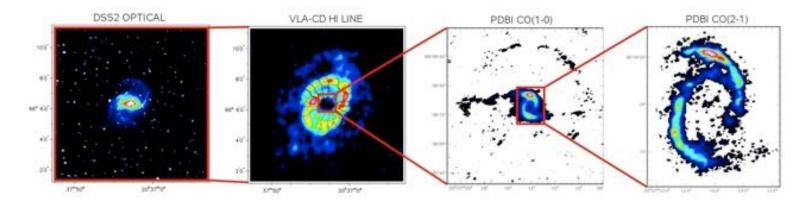
#### M83 with ALMA, Chaves et al 2018





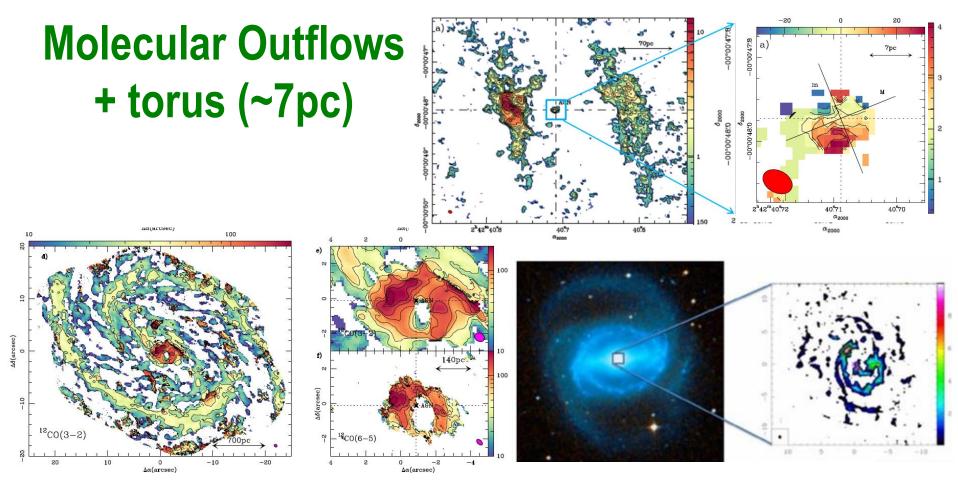
M63, detection of XUV disks *Verdugo et al* 

## **AGN fueling and feedback**



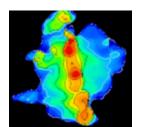
→ Only ~35% of negative torques in the center, scale 1"~50-100pc
 6 out of 16 galaxies (NUGA sample, cf Garcia-Burillo, Combes et al)
 → Rest of the times, positive torques, maintain the gas in a ring
 → Short fueling phases, a few 10<sup>7</sup> yrs, due to feedback?
 Rare to see binary AGN, not fueled at the same time (+ P. Beirao)
 → Feedback: search for outflows (Dasyra et al 2016, 2017)

Future developments: Higher resolution, towards the **molecular torus** With ALMA (PI cycle0-5) Audibert et al 2017, 2018, 7 galaxies

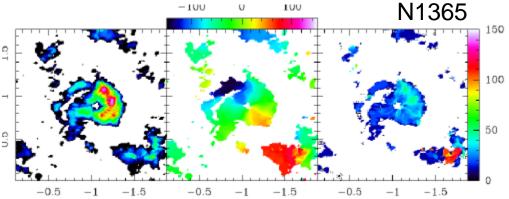


Garcia-Burillo, Combes et al 2016, 2018

Outflow of 63Mo/yr About 10 times the SFR in this CMD



N1377 precessing jet Aalto et al 2016, 2017

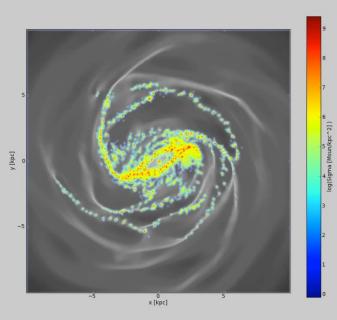


# SF history and stellar populations

What are the possible scenarios of *formation* of a galaxy like the Milky Way? (*GAIA perspective*)

Simulations of secular evolution, versus mergers (minor and major) to reproduce abundances, gradients, pseudo-bulge, thin and thick disk, radial migration.

Halle et al 2018, Fragkoudi et al 2017, Khoperskov et al 2017



→ Study of high spatial resolution gas physics (*with F. Bournaud, F. Renaud*)

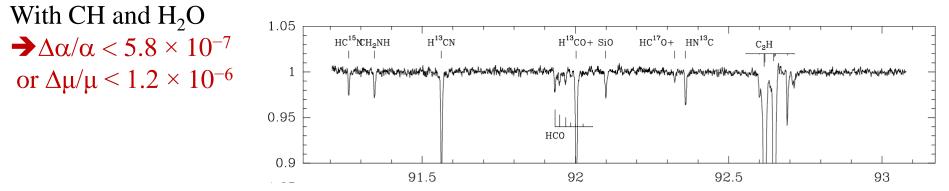
→Reproduce the SFH of the universe with baryon fraction, in simple analytical models (*M. Stringer*)

→Spectrophotometric catalog of galaxies 4 10<sup>5</sup> from UV to NIR (*Melchior, with Chilingarian et al 2017*)

# ALMA, NOEMA, MeerKAT

Absorption in PKS1830-211 at z=0.89, Müller et al 2016-17, Beelen et al 2015

Constraints on the variation of constants



Discovery of molecular ions such as CH+, SH+, OH+,  $H_2O+$ ,  $H_2Cl+$  with their isotopes

Large Program MeerKAT: MALS (Gupta et al 2017)



**1000 Quasars,** 0 < z < 2, to search for HI and OH intervening absorbers, blindly



# **Pole 1: Galaxies & Cosmology** Highlight summary:

- → The early universe: inflation, cosmic backgrounds, reionization
- → Dark matter: Cold, warm or modified gravity?
- → Galaxy formation: high-z early galaxies, cosmic star formation, mergers, environment effects in galaxy clusters
- → Black holes and galaxies: AGN, starbursts, symbiotic growth and feedback
- → Star formation efficiency, history and stellar populations







