









Laboratoire d'Étude du Rayonnement et de la Matière en Astrophysique



Pole 1: Galaxies and Cosmology

Fall 2017 (33)

Permanent staff (14): M. Caillat, F. Combes, A. Coulais, M. Huertas-Company, J-M. Lamarre, S. Mei, A-L Melchior, P. Salomé, N. Sanchez, B. Sémelin, D. Valls-Gabaud + F. Casoli, N. Kaiser (Prof-ENS) + J-L Puget

Non permanent (19): S. Amodeo, A. Audibert, F. Bolgar, V. Bonjean, F. Caro, G. Castignani, I. Chaves, B. Ciambur, J. Dassa-Terrier, P. Dimauro, H. Dominguez-Sanchez, E. Eames, L. Loria, B. Mancillas, G. Noirot, C. Parroni, F. Polles, H. Shimabukuro, D. Tuccillo

Women ratio 5/14 and 8/19, or 13/33













Pole1: key science issues



→ The Epoch of reionization: what are the main actors of ionization (galaxies, quasars)? Can we predict the HI-signal to be observed by NenuFAR, SKA, and then deduce something on these main actors?

→Galaxy Formation: where are the baryons? how can we explain that 90% of them have left galaxies? or would this constrain the dark matter/energy model? **EUCLID**

→ The Large-Scale Structures (LSS): what is the role of environment in star formation quenching in galaxies? LSS as cosmology tracers **EUCLID**, **SKA**

→AGN fueling and feedback: why are supermassive black holes evolving in symbiosis with galaxies? could AGN be the solution to expel baryons from galaxies?
 ALMA/NOEMA, VLT, JWST
 SF efficiency, history and stellar populations CFHT-Sitelle, IRAM











Four main themes

1-Primordial Universe (9)

- <u>CMB</u>, Sky surveys, Inflation
- EoR, Preparation to <u>SKA + NenuFAR</u>









Semelin, Bolgar, Bonjean, Eames, Shimabukuro, Lamarre, Coulais, Sanchez, Combes

3-Formation & evolution of galaxies (8)

- High-redshift galaxies <u>ALMA/NOEMA</u>
- PHIBSS2 Legacy gas fraction, SF efficiency NOEMA / ALMA
- Cool Core Clusters <u>NOEMA/ALMA/MUSE</u>
- AGN Feedback and molecular outflows
 <u>NOEMA / ALMA</u>

Salomé, Audibert, Castignani, Chaves-Bicalho, Mancillas, Rodriguez, Combes



2-Large-scale structures (10)

- Galaxy Clusters / Proto-clusters
- Galaxy mass assembly, mass-size relation, morphology
- Euclid Legacy

Mei, Huertas-Company, Amodeo, Caro, Dimauro, Noirot, Parroni, Tuccillo, Castignani, Combes



4-Nearby Galaxies, resolved in stars (7)



- Star formation laws (KS efficiency, scaling, HI, H2)
- Relation CO-metallicity, CO-dark molecular gas
 IRAM, CFHT Sitelle
- Low surface Brightness features

Proposition of the MESSIER satellite to the CNES

Valls-Gabaud, Melchior, Chaves-Bicalho, Dassa-Terrier, Mancillas, Rodriguez, Combes





Planck, Sky Surveys, Inflation



Epoch of Reionization: scientific preparation for the SKA *B. Semelin group*

Neutral IGM emits at 21cm for 6<z<30:

- ➔Tomography with SKA
- →Hundreds of planes.



Simulations for design optimization and interpretation of data:

Dynamics + UV + X rays + Lyman lines

 $512^{3} + 1024^{3}$ resolution now.... and 2048^{3} soon.... 4096^{3} needed!

Put contraints on the design of the SKA:

- frequency range
- Resolution/sensitivity tradeoff
- Benefits from large FoV
- Modeling and analazing tomographic data

→LOFAR and NENUFAR at Nancay



ANR ORAGE (2014-2018)

Euclid legacy - Galaxy clusters





Study of galaxy clusters and their evolution, and the statistical view of galaxy physics in large surveys

Euclid launch in 2020:

not only clues on the dark energy evolution
→Huge amount of data on billions of galaxies in association to follow-up ground spectroscopy

Studies on the influence of environment on galaxy morphology, mass-size relation, mass assembly and star formation efficiency. Members of the pole are co-coordinator of Science Working Groups in the Euclid consortium, on galaxy clusters and proto-clusters, their detection tools, determination of mass and luminosity functions, the classification of galaxies in order to follow their formation and evolution (*Mei, Huertas-Company, Zwolf and their teams*)

Galaxy Protoclusters: quenching mechanisms

CARLA: Clusters Around Radio-Loud AGN (Wylezalek et al 2013)

At z < 1, galaxies in clusters are quenched, A reversal is expected at z > 1, 1.5, the AGN fraction increases, The SF fraction increases, higher in clusters than in the field

Selection from IR (Spitzer, WISE) HST spectroscopy (Noirot + 2017)

➔ Some quenched, some not Massive galaxies are redder, quicker evolution than in the field



Projects with ALMA & NOEMA (Galametz, Mei et al 2017, 2018)

Protoclusters, around radio sources

Castignani et al (2014), FRI in COSMOS field

Observations IRAM-30m Negative results on z~1, CO(4-3) *Castignani, Combes, Salome 2016*

> + CARLA NOEMA project



Z~2.5, NOEMA project



At z~1.9, ETG are not yet red and quenched





→Irregulars dominate at z>2, then become disks, which after bulge formation, acquire mass, and quench to become red ANR Astrobrain 2017-2019 (Huertas-Company et al 2016, 2017)

ALMA & NOEMA – Galaxies at high z

Tdep

Local spirals

○ z=[1,1.6] SFGs

z=[0.055,0.4] SFGs

z=[2,2.5] SFGs

This work

z=[2.7,3.6] SFGs

Gas fraction, depletion time t_{dep} Star formation efficiency SFE and evolution with redshift





The cosmic web and galaxy formation



Galaxy morphology evolution

50 000 galaxies in CANDELS

Downsizing in SF galaxies Quenching as a function of mass and environment **Inside-out quenching**



Huertas-Company et al 2016



Cooling Flows, BCG, AGN

→ Observations

HERSCHEL:

Large Program: sample of cooling flow clusters (PI: A. Edge, Durham)

OT1 SPIRE FTS on PERSEUS Perseus (PI: W. Jaffe, Leiden) ALMA: (-1.7,5)with McNamara, Russel (PdB-I) (5.5.2) 20 - Feeding the AGN with J. Lim, David - Search for cold filaments Ð **IRAM- NOEMA** 0 Perseus PI: P. Salomé (cold gas excitation) + S. Hamer Hydra-A + 73 BCG -20 (-1.7, -1.2)(-2.1, -0.7)(PdB-)) 2016 (PdB-I) (PdB-I) 300 20 -40D -20ôR.A. (")

AGN moderation and quenching



Quasar mode: radiative or winds

when L ~L_{Eddington}





Radio mode, kinetic, jets when $L < 0.01 L_{Edd}$

ANR LYRICS 2017-2021, Salome et al



Gas local excitation modelling

 Photo-ionisation codes (CLOUDY, PDR) and shock models (enough data)

LERMA/IAP (P. Salomé, P. Guillard, B. Godard, G. Pineau des Forêts, F. Boulanger)

Hydro-dynamics numerical simulation

- Cluster-scale hydrodynamical simulations in the presence of AGN feedback (mapping now possible)
- IAP/LERMA (Y. Dubois, S. Peirani, F. Combes, P. Guillard)

AGN positive feedback: Centaurus A with MUSE and ALMA

Discovery of arcs perpendicular to the filament Halpha, [NII], [OIII] and [SII] lines

3 arc streams running perpendicular to the main filament, Different excitation, kinematics: arcs outside the radiation cone →Neutral material swept by a backflow of the AGN jet outburst and ionised through slow shocks

→H2 gas: **phase transition from HI**, triggered by the jet

Hamer et al, 2014, Salome et al 2016, 2017







Nearby galaxies, ALMA, NOEMA, MUSE





Star formation laws (KS efficiency HI, H₂, scales..)

→ Relation CO-metallicity, CO-dark molecular gas

Low Surface Brightness features

Future plans: Proposition of the MESSIER satellite to the CNES LSB galaxies, dwarfs, outer parts tidal tails, loops Extra-galactic background, Ly-a haloes z=0.65

Cosmic web











D. Valls-Gabaud et al 2017 Mancillas et al 2017 Rodriguez et al 2017

SFR at high z and XUV disks



Freundlich et al 2013, 2016, 2018 Resolved KS law at high z Legacy project with IRAM-NOEMA and ALMA

Zcosmos, Candels, Aegis..

M83 with ALMA, Chaves et al 2017





M63, detection of XUV disks *Verdugo et al*

AGN fueling and feedback



→ Only ~35% of negative torques in the center, scale 1"~50-100pc
 6 out of 16 galaxies (NUGA sample, cf Garcia-Burillo, Combes et al)
 → Rest of the times, positive torques, maintain the gas in a ring
 → Short fueling phases, a few 10⁷ yrs, due to feedback?
 Rare to see binary AGN, not fueled at the same time (+ P. Beirao)
 → Feedback: search for outflows (Dasyra et al 2016, 2017)

Future developments: Higher resolution, towards the **molecular torus** With ALMA (PI cycle0-5) Audibert et al 2017, 2018, 7 galaxies



SF history and stellar populations

What are the possible scenarios of *formation* of a galaxy like the Milky Way? (*GAIA perspective*)

→ Simulations of secular evolution, versus mergers (minor and major) to reproduce abundances, gradients, pseudo-bulge, thin and thick disk, radial migration.

Di Matteo et al 2015, Fragkoudi et al 2017, Khoperskov et al 2017



→ Study of high spatial resolution gas physics (*with F. Bournaud, F. Renaud*)

→ Reproduce the SFH of the universe with baryon fraction, in simple analytical models (*M. Stringer*)

→ Spectrophotometric catalog of galaxies
4 10⁵ from UV to NIR (*Melchior, with Chilingarian et al 2017*)

ALMA, NOEMA, MeerKAT

Absorption in PKS1830-211 at z=0.89, Müller et al 2016-17, Beelen et al 2015



Discovery of molecular ions such as CH+, SH+, OH+, H_2O+ , H_2Cl+ with their isotopes

Large Program MeerKAT: MALS (Gupta et al 2017)



1000 Quasars, 0 < z < 2, to search for HI and OH intervening absorbers, blindly



Pole 1: Galaxies & Cosmology Highlight summary:

- → The early universe: inflation, cosmic backgrounds, reionization
- → Dark matter: Cold, warm or modified gravity?
- → Galaxy formation: high-z early galaxies, cosmic star formation, mergers, environment effects in galaxy clusters
- → Black holes and galaxies: AGN, starbursts, symbiotic growth and feedback
- → Star formation efficiency, history and stellar populations







