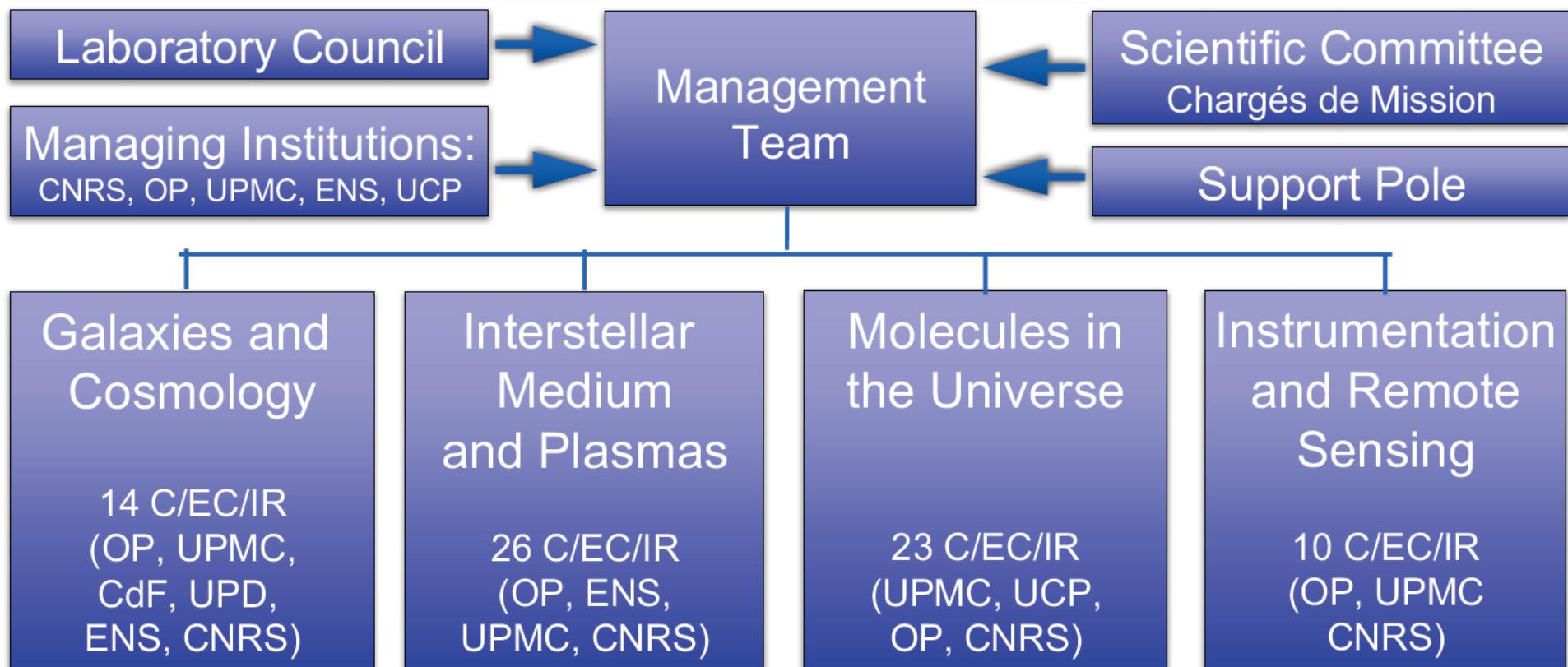


Laboratoire d'étude du rayonnement et de la matière en astrophysique et atmosphères

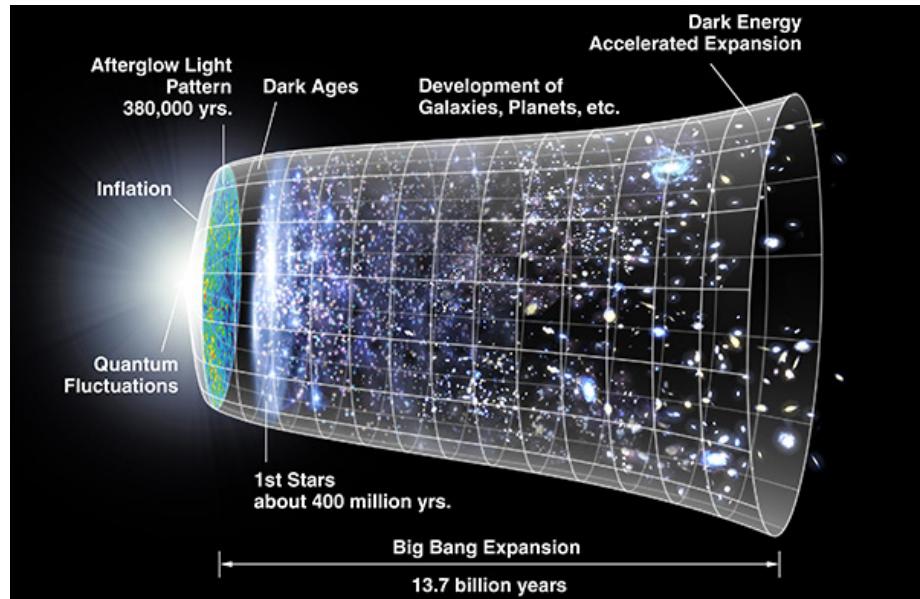


- *Laboratoire d'Études du Rayonnement et de la Matière en Astrophysique (LERMA; UMR 8112)* was created in 2002, by merging *Laboratoire de Radioastronomie Millimétrique (LRA / DEMIRM)* et *Laboratoire Atomes et Molécules en Astrophysique (LAMAp / DAMAp)*
- These two laboratories were at the origin of the molecular astrophysics in France and played a key role in the creation of the *Institut de Radioastronomie Millimétrique (IRAM)* in late 70's
- Another key constituent is the *Laboratoire de Physique Moléculaire pour l'Atmosphère et Astrophysique (LPMAA)* at the UPMC, who has its origins in the *Laboratoire de Chimie Physique de la Faculté des Sciences de Paris* in the 50's et 60's
- This is where molecular lasers were first developed together with the **high-resolution spectroscopy**

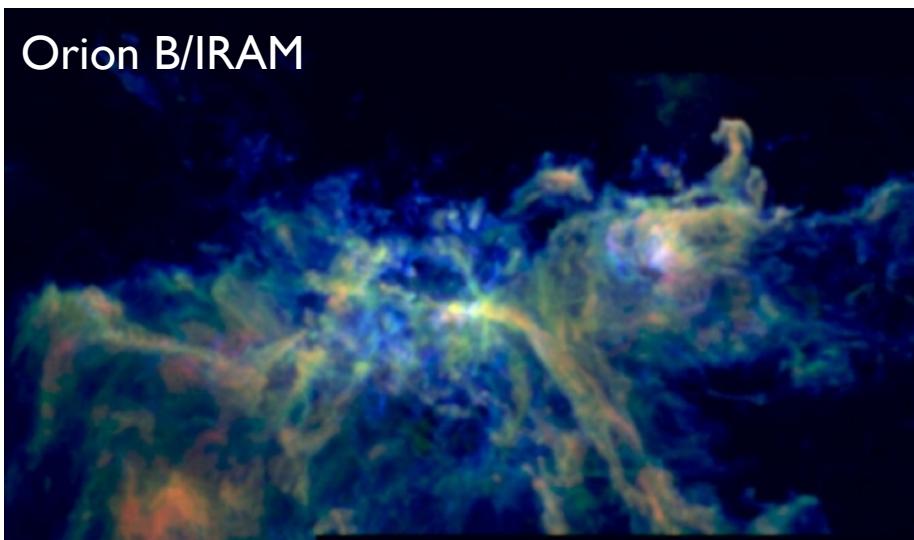
- Created in 2002; enlarged in 2014 (LPMAA and the ISM team of LUTH)
- 2017 arrivals: UPD (Huertas, Mei), ENS (Boulanger, Kaiser, Puget), OP (Casoli)



- 7 Labex : [Plas@Par \(UPMC\)](#), ESEP (PSL), First TF (CNRS), ENS-ICFP (PSL), ILP (UPMC), MIChem (UPMC), L-IPSL; 2 EquipEx : REFIMEVE+ et MesoPSL
- Partnerships and collaborations : IRAM, ESO, CEA, CNES, ESA, NASA (JPL), Alcatel/Thalés, EADS/Astrium, RPG, Estellus, C2N (LPN), IPSL...

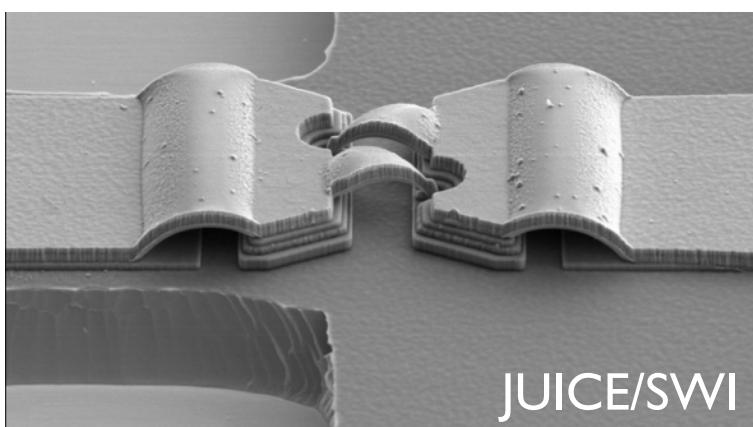
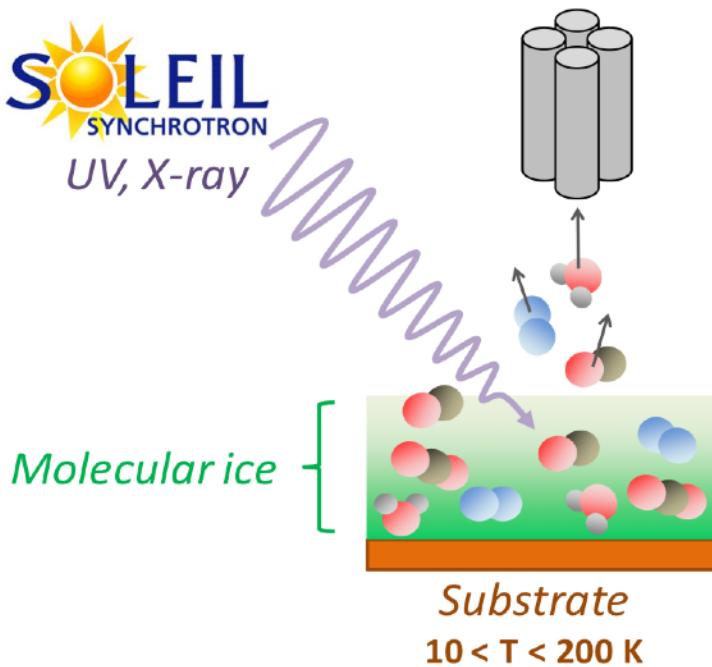


- **Galaxies and cosmology** — baryonic processes in galaxy formation; star formation efficiency, history, and stellar populations; fueling and feedback of black holes; epoch of reionization; large-scale structure of the Universe, nature of dark matter and dark energy, and inflation models



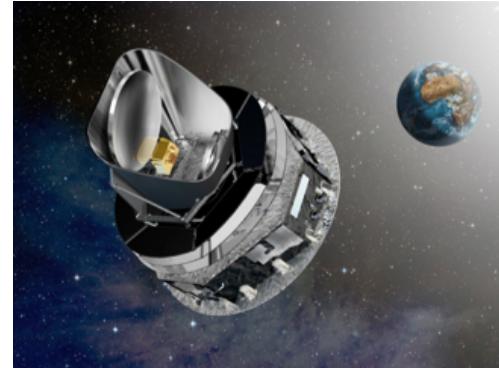
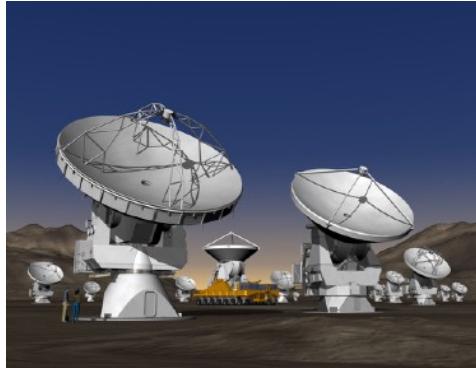
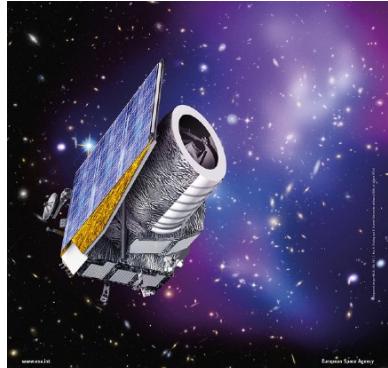
- **Interstellar medium and plasmas** — the complex physical and chemical processes, as well as the dynamics of the various phases of star formation and stellar plasmas; understanding of the effects of the magnetic field, radiation, and non-equilibrium chemistry

LERMA Scientific Poles



- *Molecules in the universe* — broad range of theoretical and laboratory activities, deeply linked to astrophysics and Earth and planetary science, including both theory and low-temperature molecular physics experiments, and ultra-high-resolution molecular spectroscopy
- *Instrumentation and remote sensing* — design and fabrication of state-of-the-art superconductive and Schottky devices for terahertz heterodyne spectroscopy, with applications to astrophysics and Earth's observations; development of innovative methods for quantifying key variables of the Earth's water and energy cycle using satellite observations

- Scientific leadership in key areas of modern astrophysics and physics — from cosmology and early universe to Earth science
- Multidisciplinary approach — observations, theory, simulations, laboratory experiments, instrumentation
- Close involvement with large space and ground-based facilities (Herschel, Planck — ALMA, NOEMA, VLT — JUICE, Euclid, SKA, JWST, MetOp-SG — OST...)
- About 190 refereed publications per year

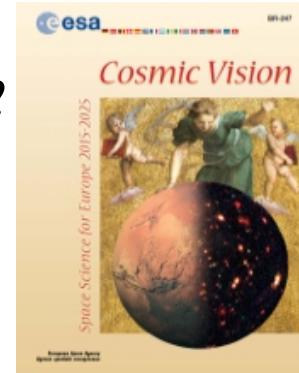


ESA Cosmic Vision 2015-2025:

- What are the conditions for planet formation and the emergence of life?
- What are the fundamental physical laws of the Universe?
- How did the Universe originate and what is it made of?

Astronet Science Vision Update “2015-2025 - The Next Decade”:

- Do we understand the extremes of the Universe?
- How do galaxies form and evolve?
- What is the origin and fate of stars and planetary systems?



ESA Earth Explorer and Sentinel Programs



Stratégie nationale de recherche – France Europe 2020:

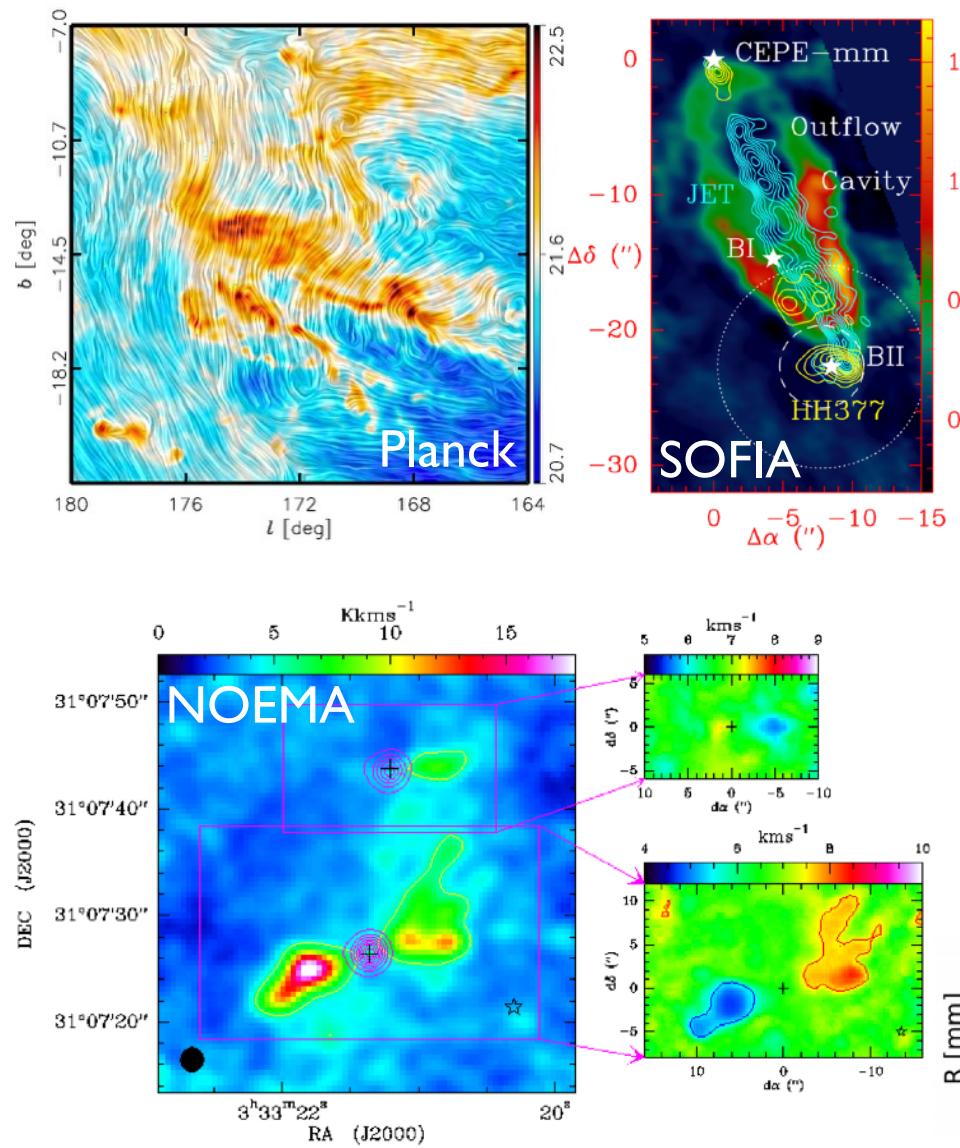
- Une ambition spatiale pour l'Europe: chaîne de services dans l'observation de la terre ; technologie pour l'observation et l'exploration de l'univers
- Programmes d'actions: big data (applications to astrophysics and Earth observations); système terre : observation, prévision, adaptation

INSU Prospective Astronomie - Astrophysique 2015-2020

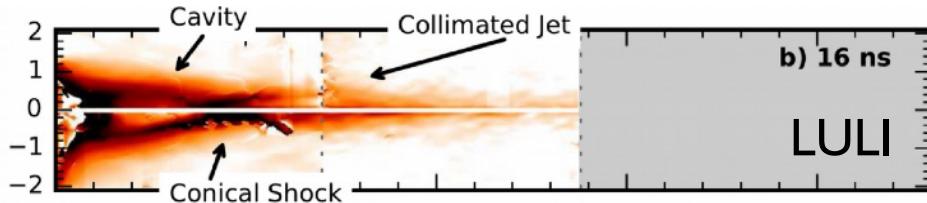


Région Île-de-France: DIM-ACAV+ (Astrophysique et Conditions d'Apparition de la Vie), DIM-QI2 (Qualité de l'air)

Observations



- Leadership of large observational programs: Herschel, Planck, IRAM...
- Exploitation of ALMA, NOEMA, SOFIA
- Preparation of JWST (3 ERS)
- Preparation of Euclid
- Preparation of SKA
- New Federative Action of the Paris Observatory: Astrochemistry from the Solar System to High-redshift Universe
- Remote sensing: preparation of ICI on MetOP-SG, SWOT, MICROWAT
- International laser facilities: Orion, LULI, LMJ, Sandia



ORIGINS
Space Telescope | Observing Beyond the Light

NASA

Following the rise of dust & metals in galaxies and the path of water across cosmic time to Earth and other habitable planets

Tracing the Signatures of Life and the Ingredients of Habitable Worlds

Origins will trace the trail of water through the stages of star and planet formation, to Earth itself and other planetary systems, while also characterizing water and greenhouse gases in potentially habitable worlds.

Unveiling the Growth of Black Holes and Galaxies over Cosmic Time

Origins will reveal the co-evolution of super-massive black holes and galaxies, energetic feedback, and the dynamic interstellar medium from which stars are born.

Charting the Rise of Metals, Dust, and the First Galaxies

Origins will trace the metal enrichment history of the Universe, probe the first cosmic sources of dust, the earliest star formation, and the birth of galaxies.

Characterizing Small Bodies in the Solar System

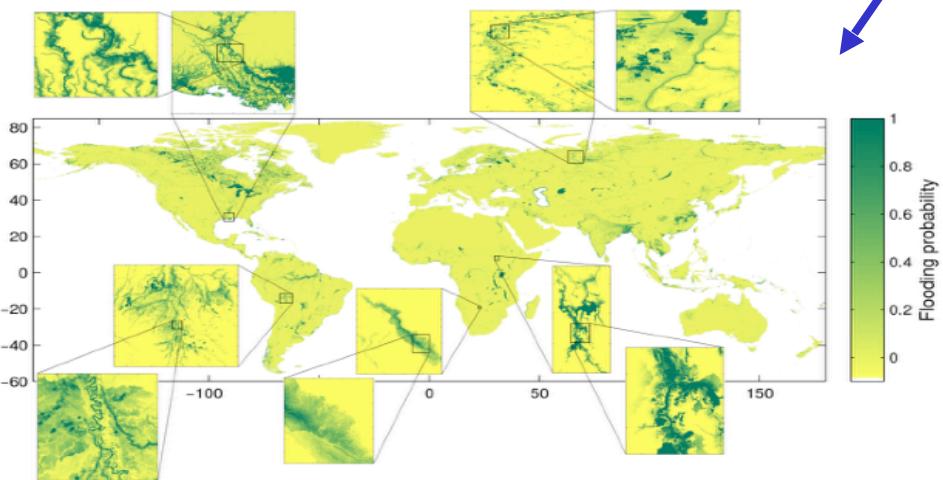
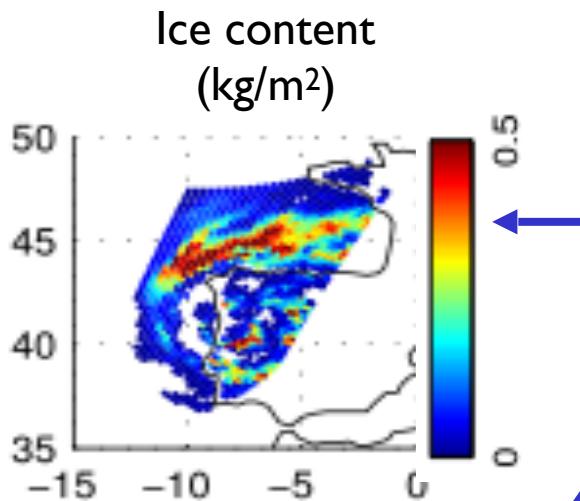
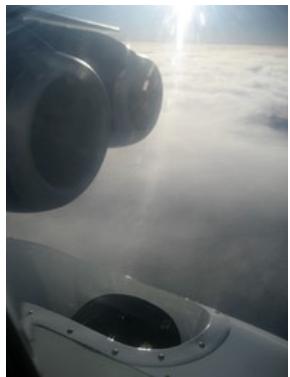
Origins will chart the role of comets in delivering water to the early Earth, and survey thousands of ancient Trans Neptunian Objects at distances greater than 100 AU and down to sizes of less than 10 km.



- **Herschel/HIFI → SWI/JUICE**
- ESA LI, SWI heterodyne 600/1200 GHz
- LERMA: complete 1200 GHz channel
- SOFIA/4GREAT: HIFI band 1+4 legacy mixers
- Origins Space Telescope: NASA FIR Flagship Mission study in preparation for the 2020 US Decadal Survey
- Europe/LERMA: heterodyne instrument
- HSTDm (Chinese Space Station)
- Millimetron: RAS/Roscosmos
- FIRSPEX (M5)

Remote Sensing

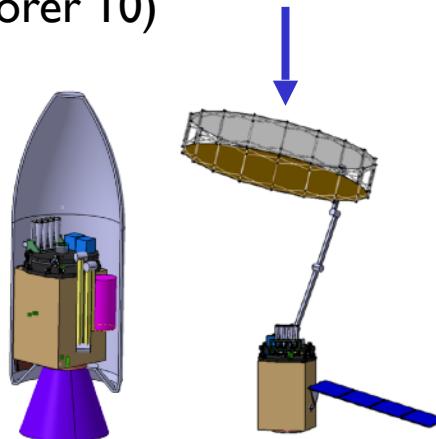
The ICI aircraft demonstrator



Flooding probability at 90m resolution

Key variables of the Earth water and energy cycle using multiple satellite observations:

- Millimeter wave observations for Earth ice cloud characterization (operational meteorology in the 2020: ICI on MetOp-SG)
- Satellite-derived surface water extent and dynamics at high spatial resolution, for climate studies and flood warnings (preparation to NASA/CNES SWOT)
- 'All weather' land and sea surface temperature from microwaves. Proposition of a new satellite MICROWAT (ESA Earth Explorer 10)



MICROWAT with its 5m deployable antenna

Instrumental Platforms

**Unique instrumentation for
Laboratory Astrophysics
and state-of-the art Spectroscopic
Techniques for atmospheric/
planetary applications**



Plasma Physics

- Shock waves
- Radiative shocks
- Magnetic reconnection
- Instabilities

Surface Science

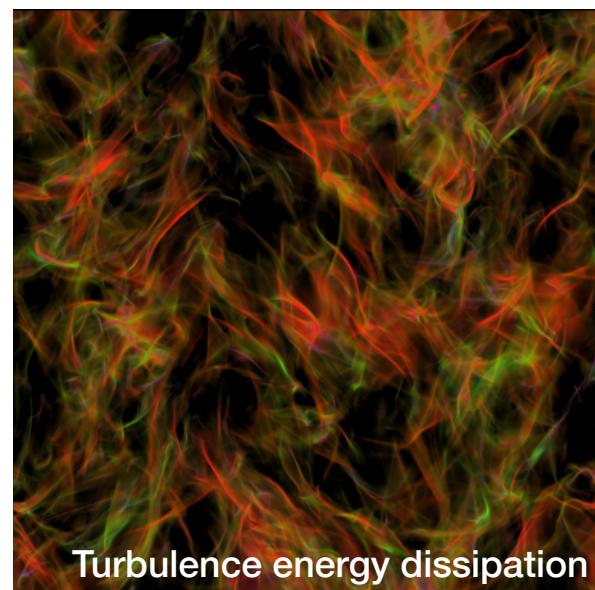
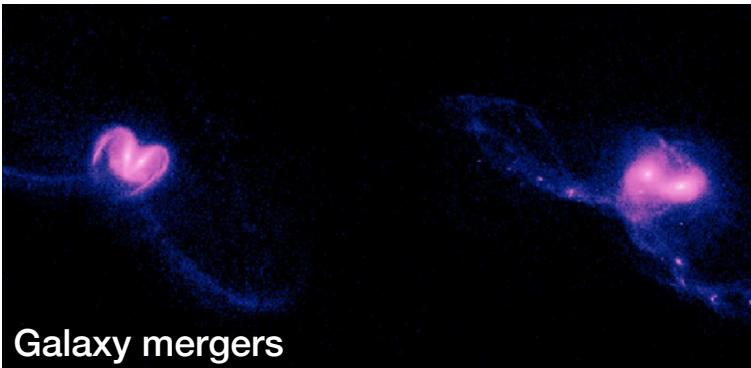
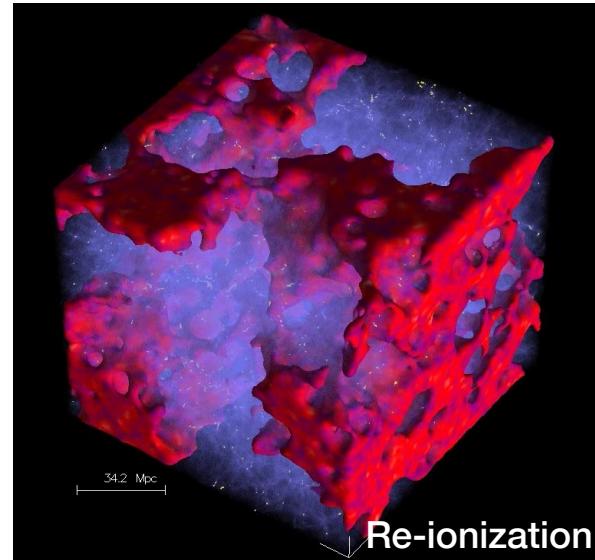
- Astrochemistry (low T)
- Gas-grains interactions
- Thermal desorption
- Photodesorption
- Nuclear Spin Conversion

Spectroscopy

- Atomic and molecular precision spectroscopy (MIR – VIS – VUV)
- Isotopic anomalies in oxygen bearing molecules

Air Quality

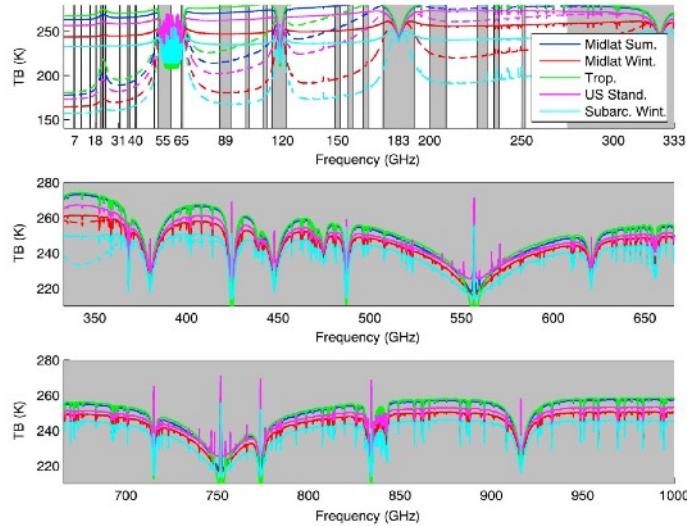
- Greenhouse gas & urban pollutant monitoring in megacity
- Climate & atmospheric composition change



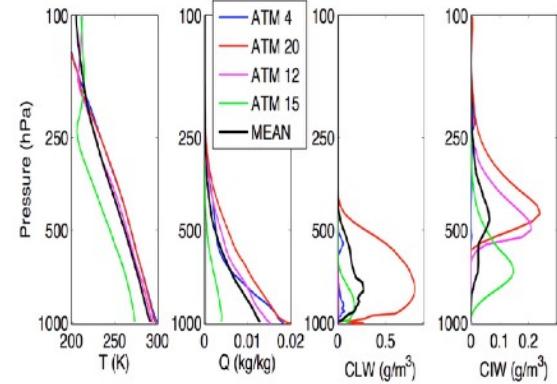
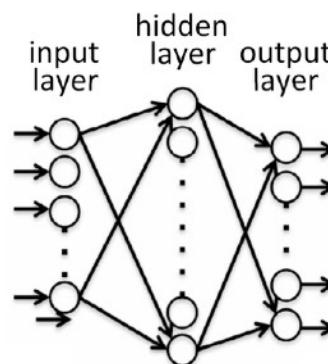
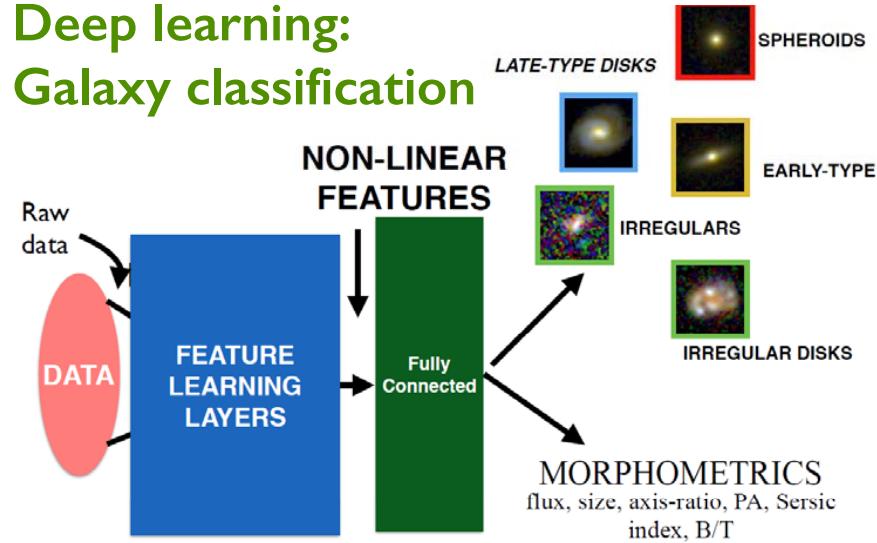
- Numerical codes developed at LERMA (e.g., Meudon PDR code, Paris-Durham shock code) are standards used by the community for interpretation of ISM observations
- Computations of collisional excitation rates
- Large simulations:
 - Dynamical simulations of galaxy formation and history of mass assembly
 - Direct coupling of MHD and chemistry
 - MHD - turbulence energy dissipation
 - Stellar interiors
 - Structure of accretion flows in young stars
- Resources: MesoPSL & national computing centers

Remote Sensing: Big Data tools to exploit decades of Earth satellite observations:

- Optimal sampling of high-dimensional spaces
- Multivariate data analysis
- Channel selection and compression tools
- Artificial neural networks for inverse problems
- Classification algorithms
- Data Assimilation into numerical models

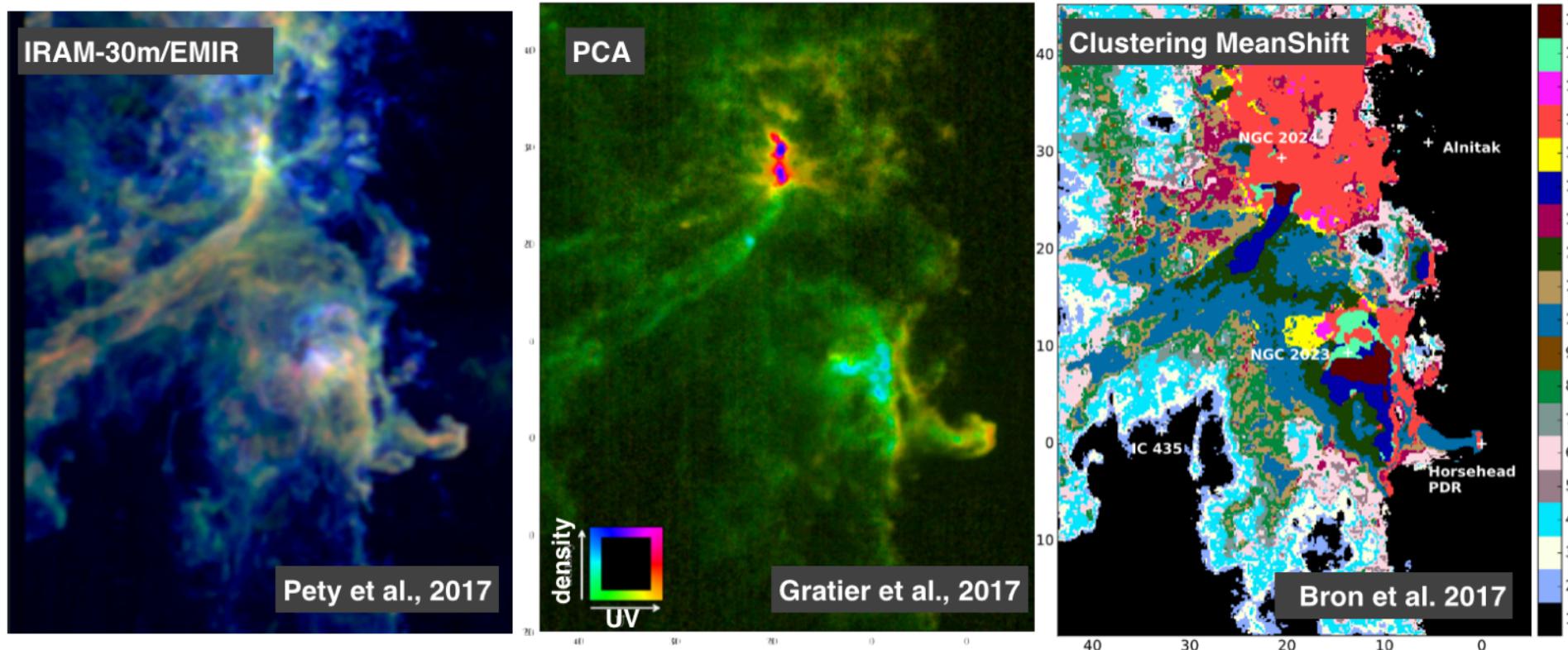


Deep learning: Galaxy classification



An exemple: Retrieval of atmospheric hydrometeors from hyper-spectral observations in the microwaves

- Orion B: Large IRAM 30-m/EMIR program (141k pixels, 12 lines)
- Adaptation of Machine Learning techniques to ISM observations: clustering (MeanShift...), unsupervised



- Exploration of other methods to reveal the anatomy of molecular clouds

ANO5 BASECOL

<http://basecol.obspm.fr>



Data base of molecular collision rates for Interstellar medium & comets

Collision rates & Spectroscopy of molecules:

- About 240 collisional systems
- About 900 references
- Versioning of data
- Access via VAMDC portal and SPECTCOL Tool

Projects:

- Automatic Ingestion
- New Interface

- ANO5 Pôle thématique national: Diffusion des données physique atomique & moléculaire
- ANO5: F-VAMDC, Basecol, KIDA

ANO5 F-VAMDC

<http://www.vamdc.eu>



Interoperable platform to exchange atomic & molecular data

The VAMDC Consortium is :

- Built on a Memorandum of Understanding
- Currently composed by 17 members who signed the MoU.
- Leadership: Paris Observatory
- About 30 interconnected Databases
- Services : <http://portal.vamdc.eu>
- Standards: vamdc.eu/standards
- Software: vamdc.eu/software

Project:

- **Inclusion in an ESFRI**

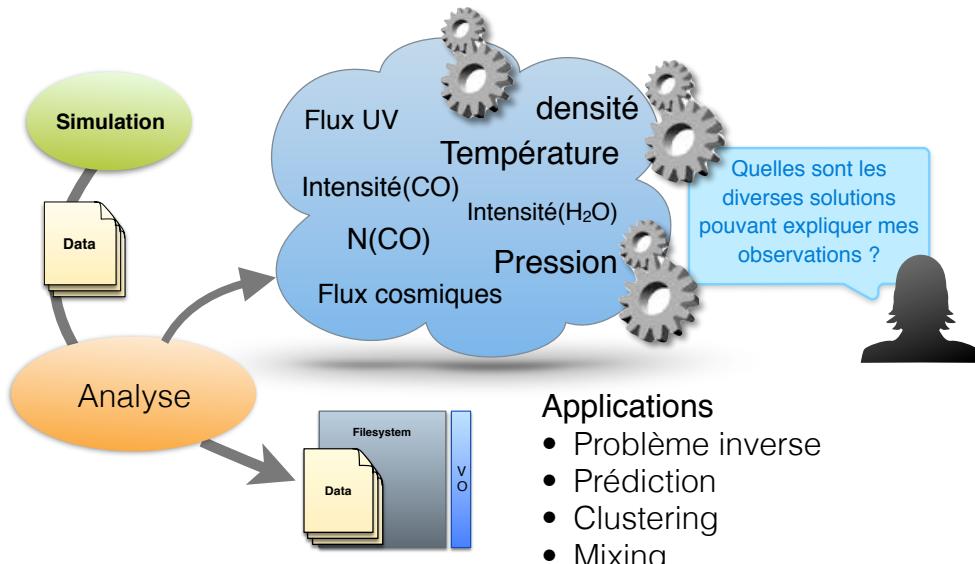
ANO5 Plateforme MIS & Jets

(P.I. LERMA - Partners: LUTH, CEA)

<http://ism.obspm.fr>

Goal: **Theoretical tools to prepare and interpret observations from world-class telescopes**
 (IRAM/Noema - ALMA - JWST - SPICA - GUSTO...)

- Diffusion of **ISM reference codes** (PDR, shocks, TDR, ...)
- Tools** to analyze **ISM observations**
- Database** of numerical models with **data mining tools**
- Development of **VO standards** for Theory (**IVOA**)



PDR Code The Meudon PDR code	DustEM Dust Emission	Shock Paris-Durham Shock model	Starformat MHD simulations data base
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The ISM Platform gathers numerical services to prepare and interpret observations of the interstellar medium and of astrophysical jets. It provides access to several state-of-the-art numerical codes, databases of pre-computed numerical simulations and tools to analyse the results. These services are developed and maintained by scientists and software engineers of Paris Observatory / Paris Astronomical Data Center, IAS / IAPC, IRAP / GSO Data Center and at CEA. They are developed in the context of the Virtual Observatories and are part of the national "services d'observation" recognized by INSU/CNRS to support research in astrophysics.

Projects:

- Machine Learning** / Artificial Intelligence to provide advanced services
- Direct **interpretation of line intensity maps**
- Data mining** in N-dimensional space
- New codes & tools

ANO5 Pôle thématique national
Diffusion des modèles de référence pour la matière interstellaire
 • ANO5: Plateforme MIS & Jets
 • ANO5: DustEM (IAS)

ANO3 ALMA Regional Center (partner)

ARTEMIX database

Goals:

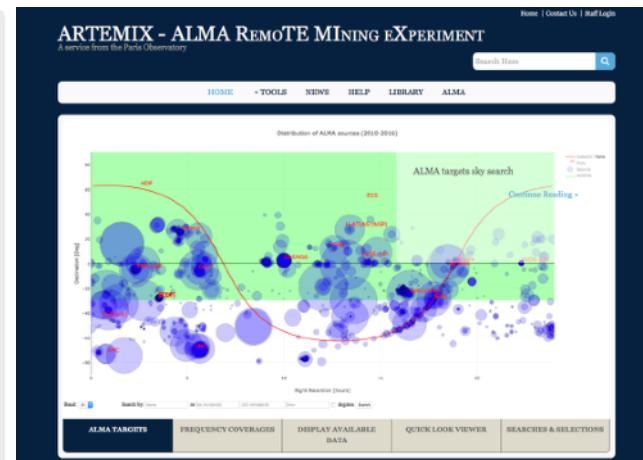
- Develop remote visualization tools to ease data mining : (i) meta-data **visualisation** : what has been observed : position / frequency setups (ii) science products : what is in the science data cube ?

Deliverables:

- (i) sky coverage, selection tools, (ii) frequency / line observed for a given source (iii) remote data cube fast visualizer

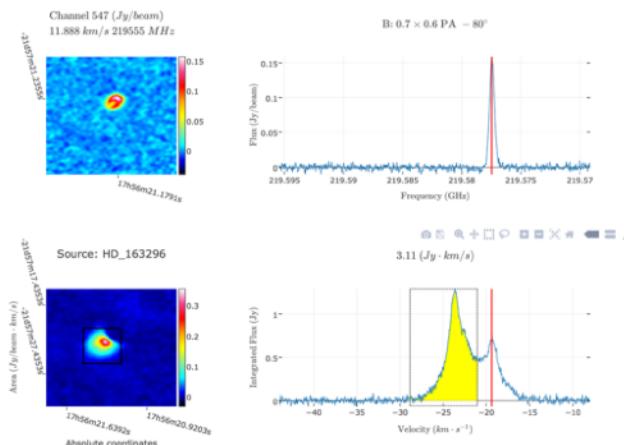
Projects:

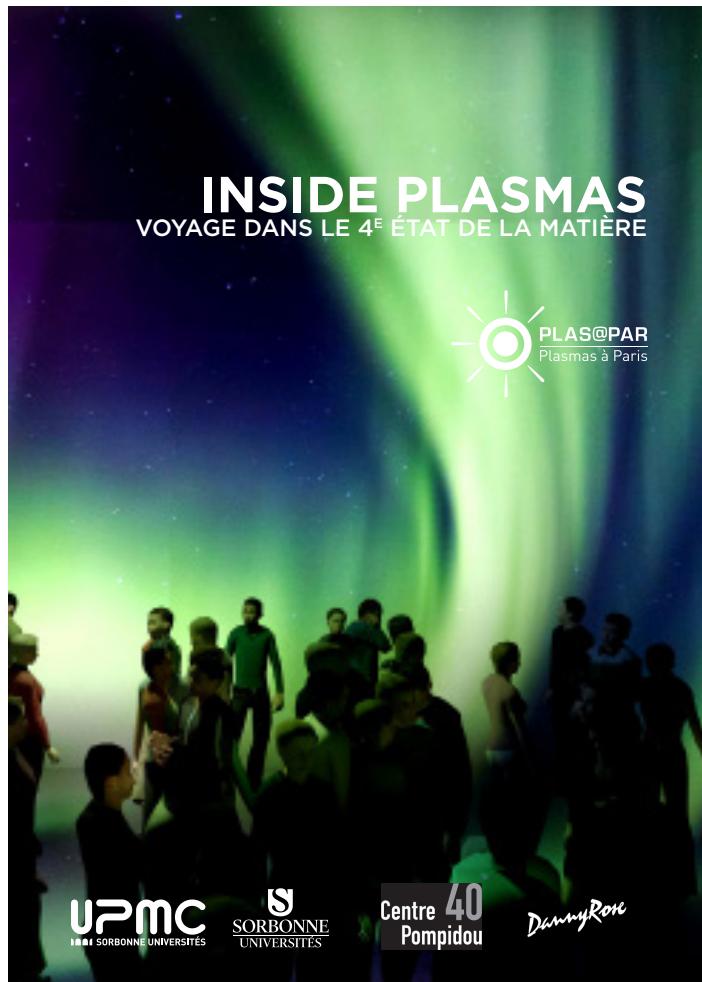
- **Automated signal search methods** (collaboration with P. Teuben) - ADMIT (ALMA DataMining Toolkit) : ALMA-dev supported by NRAO
- **Cross-match** with external catalogue, tools to build subsamples



ANO3 JUICE (partner)

- Participation to the development of JUICE / SWI
- SWI: Schottky heterodyne instrument





- Strong university presence provides access to high-quality students
- Trained: 78 PhD students, 40 postdocs, and 241 interns
- Management responsibilities in doctoral schools (Le Bourlot, Mei, Dulieu)
- Participation in Science Fairs and Festivals
- Project Inside Plasmas (Centre Pompidou)
- Hands on Universe
- Astronomical Platform at UPMC
- Inflatable planetarium at Cergy
- La Maison du Soleil, Saint-Véran



- LERMA is a modern research laboratory with demonstrated scientific and technical leadership in many key areas of astrophysics, physics, and Earth science
- The unique aspect and the strength of the laboratory is its multidisciplinary approach, including observations, theory, computer simulations, laboratory experiments, and instrumentation
- Our combined expertise in all these fields enables leadership of ambitious observational programs using state-of-the-art international space and ground-based facilities
- The astrophysical observations, in turn, stimulate new laboratory, theoretical, and technical activities
- Laboratory responds very well to the constant changes in the research environment and can evolve, as needed, to stay at the forefront in its four key research areas